#### **AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT**

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.

Local Government Type [x]City []Township []Village []Otl		Local Government Name City of Battle Creek Tax Increment Finance Authority		County Calhoun	
Audit Date	Opinio	n Date	Date Accountant Report S	ubmitted to State:	
June 30, 2005		October 21, 2005	December 1, 2	2005	

We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the *Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan* by the Michigan Department of Treasury.

#### We affirm that:

- 1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised.
- 2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of comments and recommendations

You must check the applicable box for each item below.

[	]	Yes	[ x ]	No	1.	Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are excluded from the financial statements.
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	2.	There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	3.	There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	4.	The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	5.	The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	6.	The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	7.	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	8.	The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 of 1995 (MCL 129.241).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	9.	The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	Forwarded	Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.			Х
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).			Х
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).			Х

Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)			
REHMANN ROBSON GERALD J. DESLOOVER, CPA			
Street Address	City	State	Zip
5800 GRATIOT, PO BOX 2025	SAGINAW	MI	48605
Accountant Signature Kehman Koham	•		

(A Component Unit of the City of Battle Creek, Michigan)

Battle Creek, Michigan

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

> For the Year Ended June 30, 2005



(A Component Unit of the City of Battle Creek, Michigan)

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

October 21, 2005

Board of Directors Battle Creek Tax Increment Finance Authority City of Battle Creek, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the *Battle Creek Tax Increment Finance Authority*, a component unit of the City of Battle Creek, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the *Battle Creek Tax Increment Finance Authority* as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Authority has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that such information is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The continuing bond disclosures as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Authority. The continuing bond disclosures have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Rehmann Lohan



### Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General	Debt Service	Pipeline Bonds	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 9,362,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,362,700	\$ -	\$ 9,362,700
Interest earnings Other revenues	169,202 25,057	11	31	5,340 15,850	174,584 40,907	-	174,584 40,907
Other revenues	25,057			13,630	40,507		40,507
Total revenues	9,556,959	11	31	21,190	9,578,191		9,578,191
Expenditures/expenses							
Community development	3,899,222	-	-	2,844,276	6,743,498	(557,121)	6,186,377
Debt service:	<<1.55	205.000	<555 000		1 (11 55)	(1.611.556)	
Principal	661,776	295,000	655,000	-	1,611,776	(1,611,776)	1 112 077
Interest and fiscal charges	556,854	136,998	433,760		1,127,612	(14,535)	1,113,077
Total expenditures/expenses	5,117,852	431,998	1,088,760	2,844,276	9,482,886	(2,183,432)	7,299,454
Revenues over (under) expenditures	4,439,107	(431,987)	(1,088,729)	(2,823,086)	95,305	2,183,432	2,278,737
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds/gain from sale of capital assets	9,663	-	-	-	9,663	(7,821)	1,842
Transfers in	-	431,985	1,088,730	2,889,976	4,410,691	(4,410,691)	-
Transfers out	(4,410,691)				(4,410,691)	4,410,691	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,401,028)	431,985	1,088,730	2,889,976	9,663	(7,821)	1,842
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	38,079	(2)	1	66,890	104,968	(104,968)	_
expenditures and other uses	36,079	(2)	1	00,890	104,908	(104,508)	_
Change in net assets	-	-	-	-	-	2,280,579	2,280,579
Fund balances/net assets Beginning of year	765,253	206	29	10,829,726	11,595,214	(6,660,561)	4,934,653
End of year	\$ 803,332	\$ 204	\$ 30	\$ 10,896,616	\$ 11,700,182	\$ (4,484,950)	\$ 7,215,232

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

							Total				
	<i>a</i> 1	Debt	ipeline		Capital		ernmental		11. 4. 4		atement of
	 General	 Service	 Bonds	P	rojects	-	Funds	A	djustments		Net Assets
Assets											
Pooled cash and investments	\$ (3,656,606)	\$ 202	\$ 30	\$ 1	0,898,245	\$	7,241,871	\$	-	\$	7,241,871
Interest receivable	62,398	2	-		680		63,080		-		63,080
Advance to primary government	397,540	-	-		-		397,540		-		397,540
Loans receivable	4,000,000	-	-		-		4,000,000		-		4,000,000
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-		-		-		11,679,397		11,679,397
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 	 	 						614,034	-	614,034
Total assets	\$ 803,332	\$ 204	\$ 30	\$ 1	0,898,925	\$ 1	1,702,491		12,293,431		23,995,922
Liabilities											
Accrued interest payable	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_		124,282		124,282
Other liabilities	-	-	-		2,309		2,309		-		2,309
Long-term liabilities:											
Due within one year	-	-	-		-		-		1,694,555		1,694,555
Due in more than one year	 -	 	 		-				14,959,544		14,959,544
Total liabilities	-	-	-		2,309		2,309		16,778,381		16,780,690
Fund balances											
Unreserved, undesignated	803,332	204	30	1	0,896,616	1	1,700,182		(11,700,182)		-
-											
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 803,332	\$ 204	\$ 30	\$ 1	0,898,925	\$ 1	1,702,491				
N											
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related deb									7,502,270		7,502,270
Restricted for debt service									234		234
Restricted for capital projects									10,896,616		10,896,616
Unrestricted (deficit)									(11,183,888)		(11,183,888)
Total net assets								\$	7,215,232	\$	7,215,232
- OTHER MIDDENS								Ψ	7,213,232	Ψ	.,213,232

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budget (Original and Final)	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 9,100,000	\$ 9,362,700	\$ 262,700
Interest earnings	204,000	169,202	(34,798)
Other revenues	80,000	25,057	(54,943)
Total revenues	9,384,000	9,556,959	172,959
Expenditures			
Community development	4,020,892	3,899,222	(121,670)
Debt service:			
Principal	661,776	661,776	-
Interest and fiscal charges	556,855	556,854	(1)
Total expenditures	5,239,523	5,117,852	(121,671)
Revenues over expenditures	4,144,477	4,439,107	294,630
Other financing sources (uses)			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	100,000	9,663	(90,337)
Transfers out	(4,408,459)	(4,410,691)	2,232
Total other financing uses	(4,308,459)	(4,401,028)	92,569
Net change in fund balance	(163,982)	38,079	202,061
Fund balance, beginning of year	765,253	765,253	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 601,271	\$ 803,332	\$ 202,061

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Reporting Entity** – These financial statements present the activities of the Battle Creek Tax Increment Financing Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority was organized pursuant to Public Act 450 of 1980. The primary purpose of the Authority is to encourage economic activity in the Fort Custer Industrial Park Development District. The Authority's activities are primarily funded through tax increment financing and bonded debt

The Authority is a component unit of the City of Battle Creek, Michigan (the "City") because the City appoints the Authority's Board of Directors, it has the ability to significantly influence the Authority's operations and it is financially accountable for the Authority as defined under GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. Accordingly, the Authority is presented as a discrete component unit in the City's financial statements and is an integral part of that reporting entity.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements – As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the Authority uses an alternative approach reserved for single program governments to present combined government-wide and fund financial statements by using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of fund financial data to government-wide data in a separate column. Accordingly, this is presented in the Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the aforementioned financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – The government-wide financial information is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial information is reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund
Debt service funds:
Debt service fund
Pipeline bonds fund
Capital projects fund

The *general fund* is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Authority, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Debt service funds* account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest and principal on bonded debt.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the use of resources, primarily bond proceeds, in constructing or acquiring capital assets, including buildings.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, if any, are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

Infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers and similar items), along with water and wastewater subsystems, constructed by the Authority are not recorded as the Authority's capital assets, even though the Authority may be obligated to repay the debt issued to finance the related projects. Such capital assets become the property of the City when they are placed into service and, accordingly, are reported in the City's capital assets.

The Authority's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	50
Buildings	25
Equipment	10

**Long-term Obligations** – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond discounts, as well as issuance costs, if any, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

**Budgetary Information** – The general fund is under formal budgetary control and its budget is prepared on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. The Authority follows the City budget process in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

- The Authority submits a proposed budget to the City Manager. After review and approval, the City Manager submits a recommended operating budget to the City Commission. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally adopted through a City Commission resolution prior to the beginning of the budgetary year for the Authority's funds.
- The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Commission during the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

#### 2. POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Authority's pooled cash and investments, which were deposited entirely in the City's internal cash management pool, was \$7,241,871. Because it is infeasible to allocate risk to individual component units or pool participants, aggregate cash and investment categorizations are presented in the City's basic financial statements.

#### 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated -				_		
Land	\$ 11,107,218	\$	580,000	\$	(7,821)	\$ 11,679,397
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements	587,500		-		-	587,500
Buildings	278,190		-		-	278,190
Equipment	 302,712		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 302,712
Total capital assets being depreciated	 1,168,402		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 1,168,402
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	(117,500)		(11,750)		-	(129,250)
Buildings	(111,277)		(11,129)		-	(122,406)
Equipment	 (302,712)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 (302,712)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (531,489)	-	(22,879)		<u>-</u>	 (554,368)
Total capital assets, being depreciated,						
net	 636,913		(22,879)		<u>-</u>	 614,034
Capital assets, net	\$ 11,744,131	\$	557,121	\$	<u>(7,821</u> )	\$ 12,293,431

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$22,879 was reported in the community development function in the government-wide statement of activities.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

#### 4. LOANS RECEIVABLE

In conjunction with the City and State of Michigan in offering an incentive package to the Kellogg Company, the Authority loaned \$4.0 million, interest-free, to the Kellogg Company to assist with the out-of-pocket costs of relocating personnel from a recently acquired subsidiary to the Battle Creek area. The loan is due in fiscal 2007-2008.

#### 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of the Authority's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2005:

	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Date of <u>Maturity</u>	Outstanding <u>Principal</u>
General Obligation Bonds			
1997 Limited Tax Development Refunding	4.9-5.0%	09/01/11	\$ 2,560,000
Revenue Bonds			
1997 Development Refunding	4.85-5.25%	05/01/16	7,995,000
Land Contract			
1992 Land Contract	9.0%	06/30/12	4,791,161
<b>Economic Development Loan Payable</b>			
2002 Loan	6.0%	12/01/15	867,637
2004 Loan	5.0%	11/01/07	440,301
			1,307,938
			\$ 16,654,099

In addition to the above obligations, the Authority has committed to contribute toward the repayment of a City of Battle Creek bond issue. Although not contractually obligated, the Authority intends to pay debt service on this obligation, which has a currently outstanding balance of \$328,442 with interest rates ranging from 4.6% to 5.0%, and maturing through 2011.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Authority's debt, including the City of Battle Creek bond issue that the Authority intends to service, are as follows:

Year Ending	_ Authority	<b>Obligations</b>	<b>City Obligations</b>				
<u>June 30,</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>			
2006	\$ 1,694,555	\$ 1,026,319	\$ 47,909	\$ 14,682			
2007	1,776,728	920,653	50,038	12,306			
2008	1,873,672	808,758	52,700	9,763			
2009	1,834,115	689,315	55,894	7,118			
2010	1,928,782	569,580	59,087	4,387			
2011-2015	6,851,713	1,113,315	62,814	1,492			
2016	694,534	35,198					
Total	<u>\$ 16,654,099</u>	<u>\$ 5,163,138</u>	<u>\$ 328,442</u>	<b>\$ 49,748</b>			

Changes in Long-Term Debt. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,855,000	\$ -	\$ (295,000) \$	2,560,000	
Revenue bonds Land contract	8,650,000 5,268,917	-	(655,000) (477,756)	7,995,000 4,791,161	670,000 520,755
Economic development loans	1,491,958	_	(184,020)	1,307,938	193,800
loans					
	<u>\$ 18,265,875</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$(1,611,776)</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>16,654,099</u>	<u>\$ 1,694,555</u>

#### 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenue is derived pursuant to a tax increment financing agreement between the Authority and various applicable taxing districts. Real and personal property taxes are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on properties located within the boundaries of the tax increment financing district. The City of Battle Creek bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the Authority. Delinquent taxes on ad valorem real property are purchased by the County of Calhoun. Property tax revenue is recognized when levied in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements to the extent that it results in current receivables.

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

Except for property taxes captured from local schools that exceed contractual obligations, the Authority is entitled to all taxes levied on property within the Battle Creek Tax Increment Finance Authority district to the extent that the current taxable value exceeds the base year taxable value. These taxable values for the 2004 levy are summarized below:

	Base Year	<b>Increment</b>	<u>Total</u>
Real property	\$ 2,748,540	\$ 58,396,734	\$ 61,145,274
Personal property	1,755,730	109,402,769	111,158,499
P.A. 198 property	12,394,110	92,998,820	105,392,930

## 7. ADJUSTMENTS

Following is an explanation of the adjustments between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets, which reconciles fund balances to net assets:

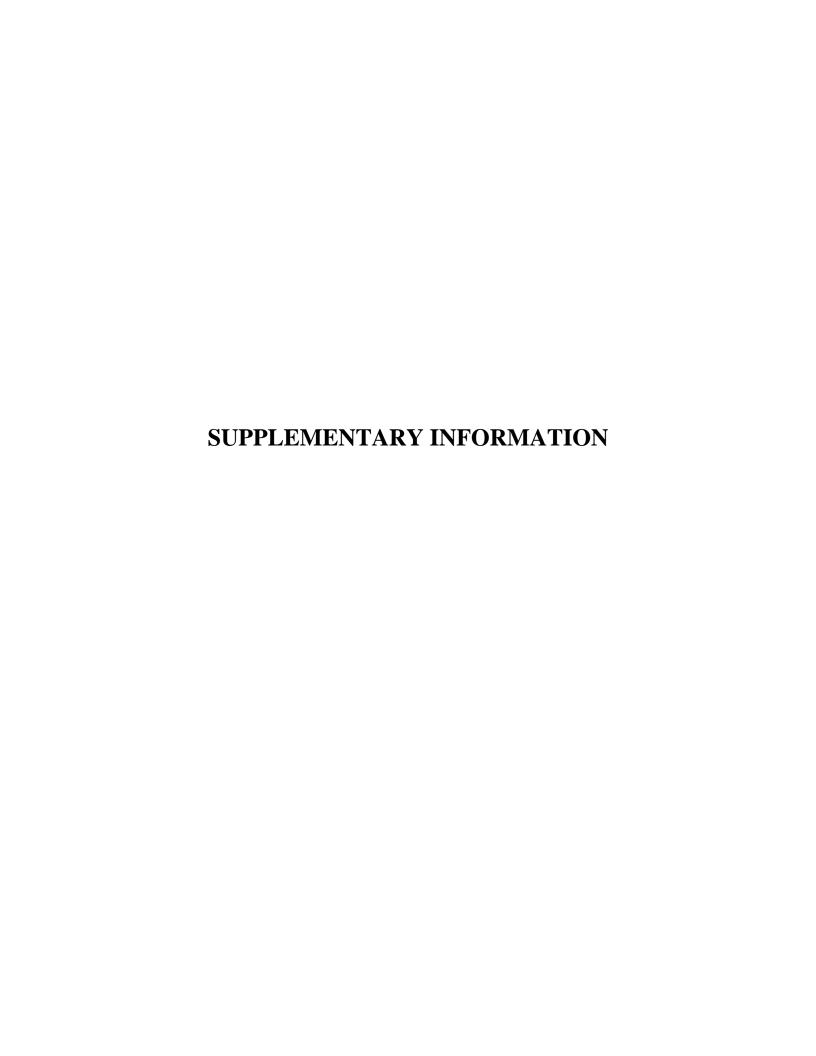
Fund balances	\$ 11,700,182
Adjustments:	
Capital assets are not <i>current financial resources</i> and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Property and equipment	12,847,799
Accumulated depreciation	(554,368)
Bonds payable and other long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds	(16,654,099)
Accrued interest payable on bonds is not recorded by governmental funds	(124,282)
Net assets	\$ 7,215,232

#### **Notes To Basic Financial Statements**

Following is an explanation of the adjustments between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities, which reconciles the net change in fund balances to the change in net assets:

Net change in fund balances	\$ 104,968
Adjustments:	
Repayment of bond and other long-term obligations principal is an	
expenditure in the funds, but the repayment reduces long-term	
liabilities for purposes of determining net assets	1,611,776
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however,	
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated	
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Purchase of capital assets	580,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(9,663)
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,842
Depreciation expense	(22,879)
The change in accrued interest expense on long-term obligations	
is not recorded by governmental funds but is reported	
under interest and fiscal charges for purposes of determining	
net assets	14,535
Change in net assets	\$ 2,280,579

\* \* \* \* \* \*



#### **Continuing Bond Disclosures (Unaudited)**

# 1. State Equalized Value (SEV) and Taxable Value (TV) of Ad Valorem Tax Roll

Assessed Value as of	Year of	Fiscal Year Ended	Ad Valore	em SEV	Ad Valore	m TV
December 31	Tax Levy	June 30	Amount	% Change	Amount	% Change
2003	2004	2005	\$ 174,592,160	4.59%	\$ 172,303,773	4.28%
2002	2003	2004	166,922,857	1.37%	165,224,263	2.34%
2001	2002	2003	164,661,334	23.89%	161,442,246	22.43%
2000	2001	2002	132,912,439	12.53%	131,864,597	13.39%
1999	2000	2001	118,117,500	29.02%	116,289,550	28.79%
1998	1999	2000	91,551,700	7.44%	90,293,700	7.04%
1997	1998	1999	85,215,400	12.64%	84,355,600	11.60%
1996	1997	1998	75,650,350	13.48%	75,585,000	13.38%

#### 2. Taxable Value (TV) of Ad Valorem Tax Roll by Use

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Commercial	Industrial	Total
2005	\$ 12,682,444	\$ 159,621,329	\$ 172,303,773
2004	8,300,838	156,923,425	165,224,263
2003	9,329,644	152,112,602	161,442,246
2002	9,419,758	122,444,839	131,864,597
2001	8,566,850	107,722,700	116,289,550
2000	8,436,400	81,857,300	90,293,700
1999	8,025,750	76,329,850	84,355,600
1998	5,838,550	69,746,450	75,585,000

#### 3. Taxable Value (TV) of Ad Valorem Tax Roll by Class

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30	 Real	Personal	Total
2005	\$ 61,145,274	\$ 111,158,499	\$ 172,303,773
2004	56,352,265	108,871,998	165,224,263
2003	46,807,146	114,635,100	161,442,24
2002	41,310,697	90,553,900	131,864,59
2001	37,258,550	79,031,000	116,289,55
2000	24,957,200	65,336,500	90,293,70
1999	23,286,500	61,069,100	84,355,60
1998	22,240,600	53,344,400	75,585,00

# **BATTLE CREEK TAX INCREMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY**Continuing Bond Disclosures (Unaudited)

#### 4. Taxable Value (TV) of the Industrial Facilities Tax Roll by Class

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	_	Real	_	Personal	Total
2005	\$	23,620,554	\$	81,772,376	\$ 105,392,930
2004		24,235,506		78,251,877	102,487,383
2003		33,690,941		70,710,300	104,401,241
2002		31,617,845		72,390,012	104,007,857
2001		32,393,900		75,196,300	107,590,200
2000		44,078,600		83,957,200	128,035,800
1999		44,391,700		81,842,250	126,233,950
1998		44,621,850		67,987,900	112,609,750

#### 5. Property Tax Collections

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Taxes Levied	Collections o March 1	% Collected
2005	\$ 7,260,039	\$ 7,019,863	96.69%
2004	8,907,046	8,907,046	100.00%
2003	9,138,546	9,138,546	100.00%
2002	8,455,874	7,889,892	93.31%
2001	7,306,333	7,243,324	99.14%
2000	6,779,678	6,724,628	99.19%
1999	6,555,340	6,499,272	99.14%
1998	5,931,538	5,532,782	93.28%
1997	5,362,603	5,261,685	98.12%

#### 6. Captured Property Tax Rates

(per \$1,000 of value)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	City	Schools	County	State Education Tax
2005	13.0000	20.0000	4.0334	6.0000
2003	13.0000	20.0000	4.0334	5.0000
2003	13.0000	20.0000	4.0334	6.0000
2002	13.0000	20.7550	4.0334	6.0000
2001	12.7730	20.7296	4.0448	6.0000
2000	15.5970	20.7296	4.0448	6.0000
1999	12.7290	20.7489	4.0559	6.0000
1998	12.8440	20.8200	4.0591	6.0000

#### **Continuing Bond Disclosures (Unaudited)**

#### 7. Taxable Value of Twenty Largest Ad Valorem Taxpayers

(Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005)

Taxpayer	Product or Service	Taxable Value	% of Taxable Value
Тихриуст	Troduct of Service	 v aruc	Tuxuble value
1 Denso Manufacturing	Automotive parts	\$ 74,711,096	43.36%
2 TRMI, INC.	Automotive parts	8,850,301	5.14%
3 Hi-Lex Corp	Mechanical control cables	7,002,974	4.06%
4 II Stanley Co., Inc.	Automotive parts	6,926,308	4.02%
5 New AMI, Inc	Automotive parts	6,624,491	3.84%
6 Toyota Tsusho America	Automotive parts	5,858,459	3.40%
7 Musashi Auto Parts	Automotive parts	5,552,997	3.22%
8 Johnson Controls	Automotive parts	5,449,773	3.16%
9 Union Pump Company	Water pumps	4,845,518	2.81%
10 Koyo Corp.	Automotive components	4,260,844	2.47%
11 Lotte USA, Inc	Candy/snack food	3,931,630	2.28%
12 Yorozu Automotive	Automotive parts	3,823,255	2.22%
13 United Steel & Wire	Wire products	2,617,046	1.52%
14 Systex Products Corp.	Plastic moldings	2,353,817	1.37%
15 Battle Creek Industrial Center	Warehousing	2,329,716	1.35%
16 EPI Printers Inc.	Printing	1,819,633	1.06%
17 Roesler Metal Finishing	Machining	1,800,000	1.04%
18 Advanced Special Tools	Machining	1,420,232	0.82%
19 Gallagher Industrial Laundry	Industrial Laundry	1,200,949	0.70%
20 Waterland Battle Creek	Industrial space rental	 1,103,972	0.64%
		\$ 152,483,011	88.50%

#### 8. Taxable Value of Twenty Largest IFT Taxpayers

(Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005)

			Taxable	% of
Taxpayer	Product or Service		Value	Taxable Value
<u> </u>				
1 Denso Manufacturing Michigan, Inc.	Automotive parts	\$	24,051,365	22.82%
2 Musashi Auto Parts	Automotive parts		22,283,022	21.14%
3 II Stanley Company, Inc	Automotive parts		16,182,285	15.35%
4 Yorozu Automotive	Automotive parts		8,897,386	8.44%
5 EPI Printers Inc.	Printing		6,295,895	5.97%
6 Roesler Metal Finishing	Machining		4,645,109	4.41%
7 Systex Products Corp.	Plastic moldings		4,614,333	4.38%
8 TRMI, INC.	Automotive parts		3,468,688	3.29%
9 Prairie Farms Dairy Inc	Dairy Products		3,116,909	2.96%
10 Pyper Products	Plastic injection molding		2,668,832	2.53%
11 Tokai Rika USA, Inc.	Automotive parts		1,552,529	1.47%
12 Eimo	Plastic injection molding		1,281,362	1.22%
13 Koyo Corp.	Automotive parts		1,159,797	1.10%
14 Hi-Lex Corporation	Mechanical control cables		878,754	0.83%
15 Johnson Controls	Automotive parts		838,558	0.80%
16 New AMI, Inc	Automotive parts		654,835	0.62%
17 Geislinger Corp.	Diesel engine parts		512,436	0.49%
18 Perelli Enterprises Inc.	Molded parts		356,995	0.34%
19 C A Picard, Inc.	Metal fabricating		321,723	0.31%
20 Franklin Plastics	Plastic recycling		274,232	0.26%
		\$	104,055,045	98.73%